

PHYSICAL SCIENCES GRADE 11

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 Mechanical advantage (1)
 1.2 Conjugate acid (1)
 1.3 Relative atomic mass (1)

[3]

QUESTION 2

2.1	A	B	C	D
2.2	A	B	C	D
2.3	A	B	C	D
2.4	A	B	C	D
2.5	A	B	C	D
2.6	A	B	C	D

[6 X 2 = 12]

TOTAL SECTION A : 15

QUESTION 3

3.1 $F = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r^2}$ ✓

$$r^2 = \frac{6,67 \times 10^{-11} \times 5,97 \times 10^{24} \times 7,15 \times 10^{28}}{1,13 \times 10^{14}} \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$r^2 = 2,52 \times 10^{29}$$

$$r = 5,02 \times 10^{14} \text{ m}$$

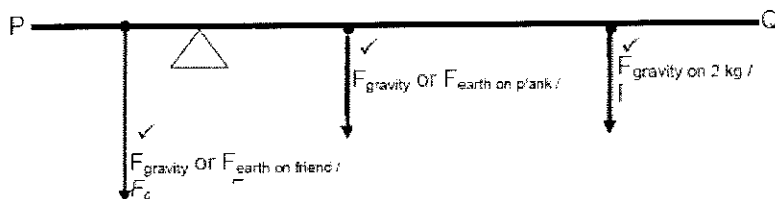
$$r = 5,02 \times 10^{11} \text{ km} \checkmark \quad (5)$$

3.2 $F_{\text{new}} \propto \frac{2M}{(1/3r)^2}$ ✓ $F_{\text{new}} \propto \frac{2M}{1/9r^2}$ $F_{\text{new}} = 18 \times F_{\text{original}} \text{ or } (1,13 \times 10^{14}) = 2,034 \times 10^{15} \text{ N} \checkmark$
(2)

[7]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 One mark for each force correctly indicated and correctly labeled.



(3)

4.2

$$F_{8\text{kg}} = 8 \times 9,8 = 78,4 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{2\text{kg}} = 2 \times 9,8 = 19,6 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum \tau = 0 \checkmark$$

$$(F_g)(+0,2) \checkmark + (78,4)(-1) \checkmark + (19,6)(-2) \checkmark = 0$$

$$F_g = \frac{117,6}{0,2} = 588 \text{ N} \checkmark$$

(5)

[8]

QUESTION 5

5.1.1) +7

5.1.2) +4

5.1.3) SO_3^{2-}

5.1.4) H^+

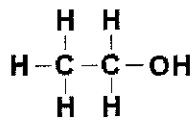
5.2a) CH_3COOH

5.2b) KOH

5.2c) KCH_3COO

5.2d) H_2O

5.3.1)



5.3.2) Elimination (dehydration)

5.3.3) Hydrohalogenation

5.3.4) HBr

5.3.5) Catalyst

[15]

QUESTION 6

6.1 The amount of substance containing Avogadro's number of elementary particles. (2)

6.2. #atoms = $2 \times (2 \times 6,02 \times 10^{23}) = 2,408 \times 10^{24}$ atoms (2)

6.3. $n = \# \text{ atoms} / N_A$
 $= 1,806 \times 10^{24} / 6,02 \times 10^{23}$

$= 3 \text{ mol}$

$m = n.M$

$= (3)(23)$

$= 69 \text{ g}$ (3)

6.4.



$$C: \frac{m}{M} = \frac{74}{12} = 6,166 \text{ mol}$$

$$H: \frac{m}{M} = \frac{8,65}{1} = 8,65 \text{ mol}$$

$$N: \frac{m}{M} = \frac{17,35}{14} = 1,239 \text{ mol}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x : y : z \\ 6,166 : 8,65 : 1,239 \\ 5 : 7 : 1 \end{array}$$



$$M(C_5H_7N) = 5(12) + (7) + 14 = 81 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\text{molecular mass}}{\text{empirical mass}} = \frac{162}{81} = 2 \quad (4)$$

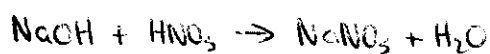
Molecular formula $C_{10}H_{14}N_2$

6.5

$$\frac{n_a}{n_b} = \frac{c_a v_a}{c_b v_b}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{c_a (23,5)}{(4,61)(15,3)}$$

$$c_a = 3 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{dm}^{-3}$$



(4)

[15]

TOTAL: 60 MARKS