

P.1 MEMO June
PHYSICAL SCIENCES GRADE 11

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 2nd class (1)
- 1.2 Mechanical advantage (1)
- 1.3 Newton (1)
- 1.4 Accommodation (1)
- 1.5 Focal length (1)

[5]

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 product...square of the distance (2)
- 2.2 moment or torque of a force... or is if an object is balanced about a turning point. the total anti clockwise moment = total clockwise moment (2)
- 2.3 2nd law or ...stating newtons 1st law (2)
- 2.4 Short small wavelengths... or ...high frequency or note with low pitch (2)
- 2.5 2 consecutive compressions... or 2 consecutive rarefactions (2)

[10]

QUESTION 3

3.1	A	B	C	
3.2		B	C	D
3.3	A		C	D
3.4		B	C	D
3.5		B	C	D

[5 X 2 = 10]

TOTAL SECTION A : 25 MARKS

QUESTION 4

4.1

$$F = \frac{GM_1M_2}{r^2}$$

$$r = \frac{6,7 \times 10^{-11} \times 5,97 \times 10^{24} \times 7,15 \times 10^{22}}{1,13 \times 10^{-10}}$$

$$= 2,53 \times 10^8$$

$$r = 5,03 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$$

$$r = 5,03 \times 10^5 \text{ km}$$

(5)

4.2

$$F_{\text{net}} = \frac{GM_1M_2}{\left(\frac{1}{3}r\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2GM_1M_2}{\left(\frac{1}{9}r^2\right)}$$

$$= 18 \frac{GM_1M_2}{r^2}$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = 18F_{\text{initial}}$$

(4)

QUESTION 5

5.1 Law of Conservation of momentum. In an isolated system the TOTAL momentum before a collision is equal to the TOTAL momentum after a collision OR The total momentum in a closed system is conserved in both magnitude and direction. (4)

5.2

$$P_{\text{before}} = P_{\text{after}}$$

$$m_1v_1 + m_2v_2 = (m_1 + m_2)v_f$$

$$(3600 \times 20) + (600 \times -35) = (3600 + 600)v_f$$

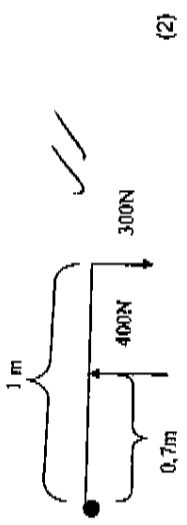
$$72000 - 21000 = 4200 v_f$$

$$v_f = 10 \text{ m.s}^{-1} \text{ in direction of trucks motion}$$

(6)

QUESTION 6

- 6.1 Point about which an object will turn. (2)
- 6.2 Force x perpendicular distance to fulcrum. N.m (2)
- 6.3 Big load x small distance = small effort x big distance (2)



(2)

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6.4.2 Clockwise torque = $F \cdot L \cdot r$
 $= 300 \times 1$
 $= 300 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$

Anticlockwise torque = $F \cdot L \cdot r$
 $= 400 \times 0,7$
 $= 280 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$

The gate will open. (4)

6.5 Take moment about point Y

$\tau_{\text{net}} = 0$
 $(F \cdot L \cdot r)_{\text{clockwise}} - (F \cdot L \cdot r)_{\text{anticlockwise}} = 0$
 $(F \times 20) - (20 \times 10^3 \times 5) - (30 \times 10^3 \times 10) = 0$
 $20F - 400000 = 0$
 $20F = 400000$
 $F = 20 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

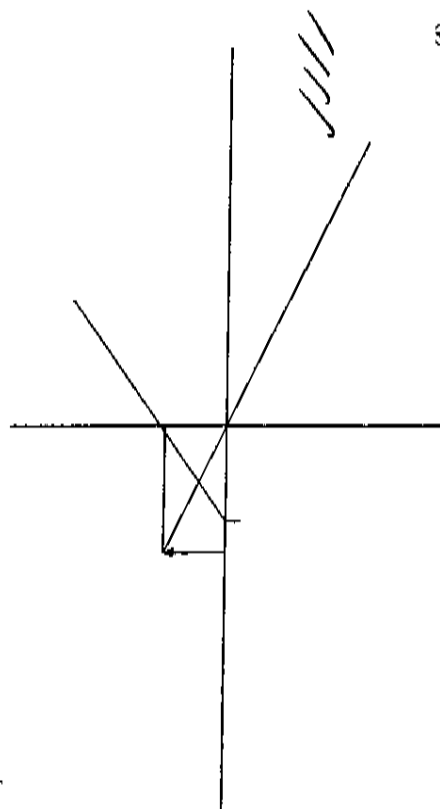
(5)

QUESTION 7

- 7.1) B, D (2)
- 7.2) 4m (2)
- 7.3) $v = f\lambda = 4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ (3)

QUESTION 8

8.1)



8.2) Virtual, Upright and diminished (4)

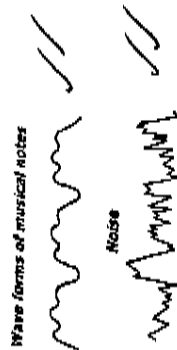
8.3) $m = \frac{f_{\text{ver}}}{O_{\text{object}} \cdot O_{\text{distance}}} = 0.4$ (3)



QUESTION 9

9.1) $v = 345 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$
 $f = 0.036 / 2 = 0.018 \text{ s}$
 $\therefore \Delta x = v \times f = 345 \times 0.018 = 6.21 \text{ m}$ (5)

9.2)



QUESTION 10

- 10.1) (2)
- 10.2) $f_3 = 600 = 3f_0$
 $\therefore f_0 = 600/3 = 200 \text{ Hz}$ (2)
- 10.3) $L = 3/2 \lambda$ (3)
- 10.4) $\therefore \lambda = \frac{2}{3} L = \frac{2}{3} (2.5) = 1.67 \text{ m}$
 $v = f \times \lambda = 200 \times 1.67 = 333.33 \text{ m}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ (2)

QUESTION 11

- 11.1) Myopia (1)
- 11.2)

