

Gr 12 Science Feb 2021 Control test 1 MEMO

1.1 B ✓✓

1.2 D ✓✓

1.3 B ✓✓

1.4 B ✓✓

2.1 UPWARDS AS POSITIVE

$$F_{\text{net}} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$T_1 + (-w) \quad \checkmark = 0$$

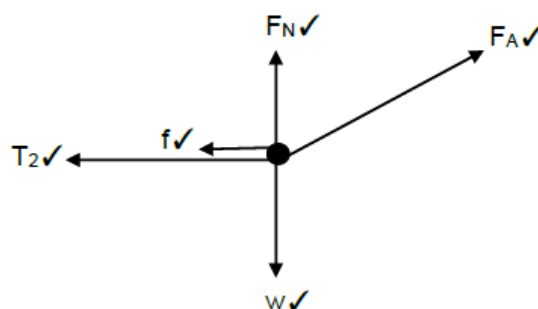
$$T_1 + (-mg) = 0$$

$$T_1 + (3)(-9,8) \quad \checkmark = 0$$

$$T_1 = 29,40 \text{ N}$$

$$T_1 = 29,40 \text{ N} \quad \checkmark \text{ upwards}$$

2.2



$$2.3 \quad T_2 = 29,40 \text{ N} \quad \checkmark$$

Right is positive

$$F_{\text{net}} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$f + (-T_2) + (F_A \cos 30^\circ) \quad \checkmark = 0$$

$$f - 29,40 \quad \checkmark + 36 \cos 30^\circ = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$f = -1,78 \text{ N}$$

$$= 1,78 \text{ N left} \quad \checkmark$$

(1)

(5)

3.1 Every body in the universe attracts every other body with a force that is directly proportional to the product of their masses ✓ and inversely proportional to the square of the distance between their centres. ✓

3.2 Equal to ✓

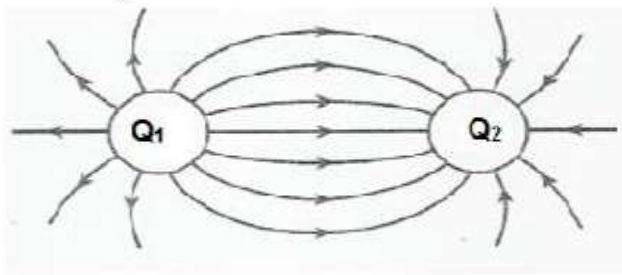
3.3 Newton 3 ✓

$$3.4 \quad F = \frac{GM_E M_C}{r^2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$F = \frac{(6,67 \times 10^{-11})(6 \times 10^{24}) \quad \checkmark (1 \times 10^{15}) \quad \checkmark}{(1,3 \times 10^{11})^2 \quad \checkmark}$$

$$= 2,37 \times 10^7 \text{ N} \quad \checkmark \text{ attraction/aantrekkend}$$

4.1



- ✓ shape (bending and 90° leaving sphere)
- ✓ directions
- ✓ no lines touching

4.2

$$E_1 = \frac{kQ_1}{r^2} \checkmark = \frac{(9,0 \times 10^9)(6 \times 10^{-6})}{(4,2)^2} \checkmark = 3\,061,22 \text{ N.C}^{-1}$$

$$E_2 = \frac{kQ_2}{r^2} = \frac{(9,0 \times 10^9)(4 \times 10^{-6})}{(1,2)^2} \checkmark = 25\,000 \text{ N.C}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{net}} &= E_1 + (-E_2) \checkmark \\ &= 3\,061,22 + (-25\,000) \checkmark \\ &= -2,19 \times 10^4 \\ &= 2,19 \times 10^4 \text{ N.C}^{-1} \text{ left/links} \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

4.3

$$n_{e^-} = \frac{Q_2}{Q_e} = \frac{(4 \times 10^{-6})}{(1,6 \times 10^{-19})} \checkmark = 2,5 \times 10^{13} \text{ electrons} \checkmark$$

5.1

OPTION 2/OPSIE 2

$$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$R_p = 1,72 \, \Omega \checkmark$$

$$\varepsilon = I(R+r) \checkmark$$

$$= 1,4(1,72 + 0,5) \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$= 3,11 \text{ V} \checkmark$$

OR/OF

$$R_p = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \checkmark$$

$$R_p = \frac{(12)(2)}{12 + 2}$$

$$= 1,71 \, \Omega \checkmark$$

$$\varepsilon = I(R+r) \checkmark$$

$$= 1,4(1,71 + 0,5) \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$= 3,09 \text{ V} \checkmark$$

5.2 Increase ✓